

## 1.5B FIRST-ORDER LINEAR EQUATIONS

**MIXING PROBLEM 1:** A vat contains 60L of water mixed with 5kg of salt. A salt water solution that contains 2kg of salt per liter enters the tank at a constant rate of 3L/min. Pure water is also flowing into the vat at a rate of 2L/min. The solution is kept well mixed and leaves the vat at a rate of 5L/min. How much salt remains after 30 minutes? What is the long term behavior?

What is the goal? If  $s(t)$  denotes the amount of salt (in kg) after  $t$  minutes, then we are looking for  $s(30)$ .

What information do we have?

$$s(0) = 5 \quad s'(t) = 2 \cdot 3 - 5 \cdot \frac{s(t)}{60} \quad \text{the vat always has 60L of water}$$

PLAN: solve the 1st-order linear equation for  $s(t)$  (there will be a free parameter  $C$ ), use  $s(0) = 5$  to solve for  $C$  and compute  $s(30)$ .

$$s' + \frac{s}{12} = 6$$

$$\text{Integrating factor } \exp\left(\int \frac{dt}{12}\right) = \exp\left(\frac{t}{12}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow e^{t/12} s' + \frac{e^{t/12} s}{12} = 6 e^{t/12} \Rightarrow (e^{t/12} s)' = 6 e^{t/12} \Rightarrow e^{t/12} s = 72 e^{t/12} + C$$

$$\Rightarrow s(t) = 72 + C e^{-t/12}$$

$$s(0) = 5 \Rightarrow 5 = 72 + C \Rightarrow C = -67 \Rightarrow \boxed{s(t) = 72 - 67 e^{-t/12}} \quad s(30) = 66.5$$

ANSWER: after 30 min, there will be 66.5kg of salt in the tank. The amount of salt approaches 72kg. Draw the graph.

$$y' = 6 - y/12$$

$$y = 2 + C e^{-t/12}$$

$$y' = -\frac{C}{12} e^{-t/12}$$

$$y' + \frac{y}{12} = -\frac{C}{12} e^{-t/12} + \frac{2}{12} + \frac{C}{12} e^{-t/12}$$

**MIXING PROBLEM 2:** - A 400-gallon tank contains 200 gallons of water with 3 pounds of salt per gallon. Water flows into the tank at 6 gallons per minute, containing 5 pounds of salt per gallon. Water flows out of the tank at 4 gallons per minute. How much salt is there in the tank when it is full?

When is the tank full? After 100 min.  $\leftarrow \frac{200 \text{ gal}}{2 \text{ gal/min}}$

$s(t)$  = pounds of salt after  $t$  min      WANT:  $s(100)$

KNOW:  $s(0) = 600$ ,       $s'(t) = 6 \cdot 5 - 4 \cdot \frac{s(t)}{200+t}$   $\leftarrow$  volume of water in the tank at time  $t$

PLAN: solve the eq. for  $s(100)$ .

$$s' + \frac{2}{100+t} s = 30$$

$$\text{Int. factor } \exp\left(\int \frac{2 dt}{100+t}\right) = \exp(2 \cdot \ln(100+t)) = (100+t)^2$$

$$\text{Multiply: } (100+t)^2 s' + 2(100+t)s = 30(100+t)^2 \Rightarrow ((100+t)^2 s)' = 30 \cdot (100+t)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow (100+100)^2 s(100) - (100+0)^2 s(0) = \int_0^{100} 30(100+t)^2 dt = 10(200^3 - 100^3)$$

$$\Rightarrow s(100) = 200^{-2} [10(200^3 - 100^3) + 100^2 \cdot 600]$$

$$= 100(200 - 50) + 150$$

$$= 1800$$