1. Express the following as an inequality.

The quotient of x and y is at least $\frac{1}{8}$.

- $A. \ \frac{x}{y} \ge \frac{1}{8}$
- $B. \ xy \le \frac{1}{8}$
- $C. \quad \frac{x}{y} \le \frac{1}{8}$
- $D. \quad xy \ge \frac{1}{8}$
- E. None of the above.
- 2. Simplify. Do not leave negative exponents in your answer.

$$\left(-4x^{-5}y^{3}\right)\left(\frac{x^{3}}{12y^{-2}}\right)$$

- A. $\frac{y^5}{48x^2}$
- $B. \ \frac{3y^6}{x^2}$
- $C. -\frac{y^6}{48x^2}$
- $D. -\frac{y^5}{3x^2}$
- *E*. None of the above.

3. Simplify completely.

$$\left(\sqrt{10x^3y^7}\right)\left(\sqrt{5x^9y^2}\right)$$

- A. $x^6 y^4 (\sqrt{15y})$
- $B. 5x^3y^3\left(\sqrt{2x}\right)$
- $C. 5x^6y^4\left(\sqrt{2y}\right)$
- D. $x^{13}y^7(\sqrt{15x})$
- E. $5x^{13}y^7(\sqrt{2x})$

4. Simplify.

$$\left(\frac{64a^{12}}{b^9}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

- $A. \quad \frac{128a^{\frac{38}{3}}}{3b^{\frac{29}{3}}}$
- $B. \quad \frac{16a^8}{b^6}$
- $C. \quad \frac{16a^4}{b^3}$
- $D. \quad \frac{16a^{\frac{38}{3}}}{b^{\frac{29}{3}}}$
- E. $\frac{128a^8}{3b^6}$

5. Perform the indicated operations and express as a polynomial.

$$(2x-5)^2 - (x^2-4x+11)$$

A.
$$3x^2 - 24x + 36$$

B.
$$3x^2 - 16x + 14$$

C.
$$3x^2 - 4x + 36$$

$$D. 3x^2 + 4x + 14$$

E. None of the above.

6. Divide and express as a polynomial.

$$\frac{8a^4b^2 + 10a^7b^3 - 2a^3b^{10}}{2a^3b^2}$$

A.
$$4a+10a^7b^3-2a^3b^{10}$$

$$B. 8a^{11}b^{13}$$

C.
$$6a + 8a^4b$$

$$D. 6a + 10a^7b^3 - 2a^3b^{10}$$

E.
$$4a + 5a^4b - b^8$$

7. Which of the following is a factor of $25x^8 - y^2$?

A.
$$25x^2 - y$$

B.
$$5x^2 + y^2$$

C.
$$25x - y^2$$

D.
$$5x^4 + y$$

- E. Cannot be factored.
- 8. Factor completely. Given: $x^3 y^3 = (x y)(x^2 + xy + y^2)$.

$$y^6 - 6y^3 - 16$$

A.
$$(y^3+2)(y-2)(y^2+2y+4)$$

B.
$$(y^3+2)(y-2)^3$$

C.
$$(y^3+2)(y-8)(y^2+8y+64)$$

D.
$$(y^3+2)(y-2)(y^4+8y^2+512)$$

E.
$$(y^3+2)(y-8)(y^4+2y^2+64)$$

9. Rationalize the denominator and simplify.

$$\frac{\sqrt{t}+3}{\sqrt{t}+5}$$

A.
$$\frac{t + 8\sqrt{t} + 15}{t + 5}$$

$$B. \quad \frac{t+9}{t+25}$$

$$C. \quad \frac{t-15}{t-25}$$

D.
$$\frac{t+15}{t-5}$$

$$E. \quad \frac{t - 2\sqrt{t} - 15}{t - 25}$$

10. Simplify completely.

$$\frac{4x^2+4x+1}{x^2+3x-4} \div \frac{2x^2-7x-4}{(x+4)(x-4)}$$

- $A. \quad \frac{(2x+1)(x-4)}{x+1}$
- $B. \quad \frac{2x+1}{x-1}$
- $C. \quad \frac{2(x+2)}{3x-1}$
- D. $\frac{(2x-1)(x+4)}{(x+1)(x-4)}$
- E. None of the above.
- 11. Solve for x. Choose the answer that best describes the solution(s).

$$\frac{4x}{x-3} + 5 = \frac{12}{x-3}$$

- A. There is only one solution.

 It is less than 0.
- B. There is only one solution.It is between 0 and 10.
- C. There is only one solution.It is greater than 10.
- D. There is no solution for x.
- E. All real numbers are solutions except x = 3.

12. Solve
$$P = \frac{1+wb}{x}$$
 for w.

$$A. \quad w = Px - b$$

$$B. \ \ w = \frac{Px - 1}{b}$$

$$C. \ \ w = \frac{Pb - 1}{x}$$

$$D. \ \ w = \frac{x - P}{b}$$

$$E. \ w = \frac{P-1}{bx}$$

13. Jacob inherited \$25,000 and decided to invest the money into two accounts. One account pays 7.5% simple interest and the other account pays 4% simple interest. Let *x* represent the amount of money Jacob invests in the 7.5% account. Choose the equation that would solve *x* if the total annual interest is to be \$1200.

A.
$$0.075x + 0.04(25,000 - x) = 1200$$

B.
$$0.075x + 1200 = 0.04(25,000 - x)$$

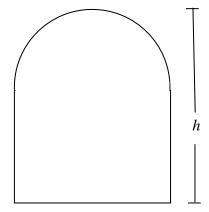
$$C. \quad 0.075x + 0.04x = 1200$$

D.
$$0.075x + 0.04(1200) = 25,000 - x$$

E.
$$0.075x + 1200 = 0.04x$$

14. At 8:00 am, a bicyclist travels at a constant speed of 5 mph. At 10:00 am, his brother begins traveling the same path on his moped at a constant speed and reaches the bicyclist 30 minutes later. Find the speed of the moped.

15. A doorway in a new building is designed to be handicapped accessible. The shape of the doorway will be a rectangle surmounted by a semicircle (see the figure). The width of the door is to be 6 feet and the height, *h*, has yet to be determined. If the area of the doorway is to be 32 square feet, choose the equation used to find *h*. Simplify your equation.



$$A. 6h + 36\pi = 32$$

B.
$$6h + 9\pi = 32$$

C.
$$6h + \frac{9}{2}\pi = 50$$

D.
$$6h + 36\pi = 50$$

$$E. 6h + \frac{9}{2}\pi = 32$$