

MA17300 Midterm Exam 3

Practice Test 2

Find the sum of the geometric series for those x for which the series converges.

$$1) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{2} \frac{1}{(5 + \sin x)^n}$$

Use the integral test to determine whether the series converges.

$$2) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos 1/n}{n^2}$$

Use the Comparison Test to determine if the series converges or diverges.

$$3) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{n}{4n+5} \right)^n$$

Use the limit comparison test to determine if the series converges or diverges.

$$4) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\ln n)^3}{\sqrt{n}(3+2\sqrt[3]{n})}$$

Use the root test to determine if the series converges or diverges.

$$5) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n!)^n}{(n^n)^9}$$

Use the ratio test to determine if the series converges or diverges.

$$6) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{9(n!)^2}{(2n)!}$$

Determine if the series converges absolutely, converges, or diverges.

$$7) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \ln \left[\frac{6n+3}{6n+2} \right]$$

For what values of x does the series converge absolutely?

$$8) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1} (x+4)^n}{n10^n}$$

Find the first four nonzero terms in the Maclaurin series for the function.

$$9) f(x) = \sin x \cos x$$

Answer Key

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1) $\frac{5 + \sin x}{2(6 + \sin x)}$

2) converges

3) converges

4) Diverges

5) Diverges

6) Converges

7) Converges conditionally

8) $-14 < x < 6$

9) $x - \frac{2}{3}x^3 + \frac{2}{15}x^5 - \frac{4}{315}x^7 + \dots$