

Today: §1.2

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 0 & 1 & -4 & 8 \\ 0 & 2 & -3 & 1 \\ 4 & 0 & -8 & 12 \end{array} \right] \quad \text{Pivot positions}$$

$$\begin{cases} x_2 - 4x_3 = 8 \\ 2x_1 - 3x_2 + 2x_3 = 1 \\ 4x_1 - 8x_2 + 12x_3 = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\left\{ R_1 \leftrightarrow R_2 \right.$$

Pivot

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -3 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 & 8 \\ 4 & -8 & 12 & 1 \end{array} \right] \quad \begin{matrix} R_2 + R_3 - 2R_1 \\ \cancel{\text{---}} \end{matrix}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -3 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 & 8 \\ 0 & -2 & 8 & -1 \end{array} \right]$$

pivot

$$\left\{ \begin{matrix} 2x_1 - 3x_2 + 2x_3 = 1 \\ x_2 - 4x_3 = 8 \\ 0 = 15 \end{matrix} \right.$$

$$\left\{ R_3 \rightarrow R_3 + 2R_2 \right.$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -3 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 15 \end{array} \right] \quad \text{REF}$$

This system of linear, and the equivalent original system,
is inconsistent.

$$\left\{ R_1 + \frac{1}{2}R_2 \right.$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -5 & 25/2 & 1/2 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 15 \end{array} \right] \quad \begin{matrix} R_1 + \frac{3}{2}R_2 \\ \cancel{\text{---}} \end{matrix} \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -3/2 & 1 & 1/2 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 15 \end{array} \right]$$

↑ ↑
pivot columns

REF

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 0 & 1 & 3 & -1 & 2 & 13 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 4 & -8 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

This corresponds
to a consistent
system of linear eqns
 (x_2, x_4)

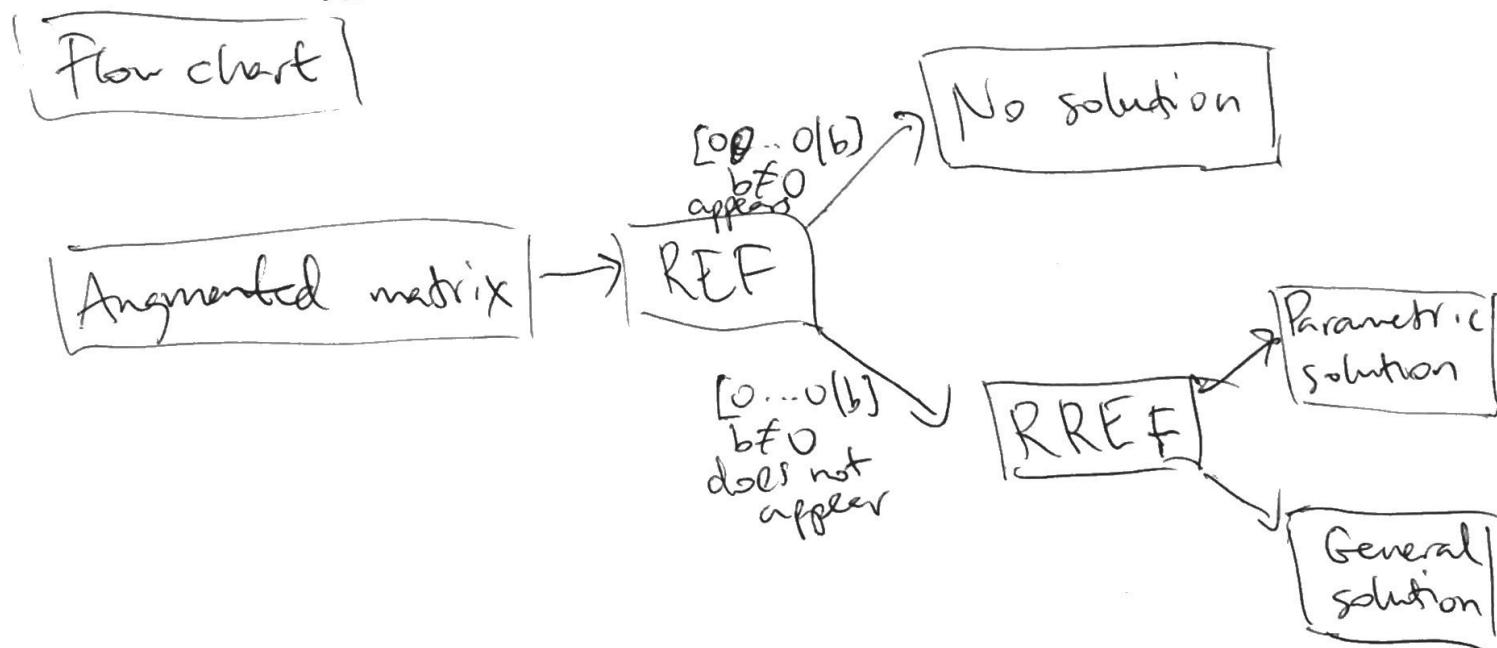
Solve for pivot variables (\leftrightarrow pivot columns) in terms
of subsequent variables. x_1, x_3, x_5 are free.
Free variables \leftrightarrow columns w/o a pivot.

Theorem: A system of linear eqns is inconsistent if and only if the a REF of the associated augmented matrix contains a row of the form $[0 \ 0 \ \dots \ 0 \ | \ b]$, $b \neq 0$.

PF: If $[0 \ \dots \ 0 \ | \ b]$, $b \neq 0$ appears, the system is inconsistent.

Otherwise, can choose any values for free variables and solve for pivot variables in terms of subsequent variables.

Solution: Get a value for the last variable and work backwards.



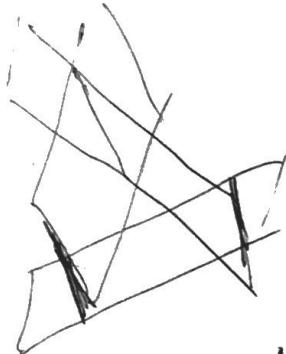
Geometry:

$$\begin{cases} x_2 - 4x_3 = 8 \\ 2x_1 - 3x_2 + 2x_3 = 1 \\ 4x_1 - 8x_2 + 12x_3 = 1 \end{cases}$$

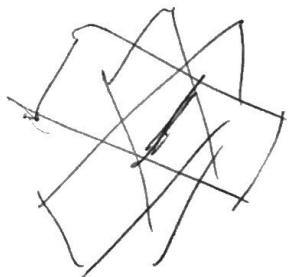
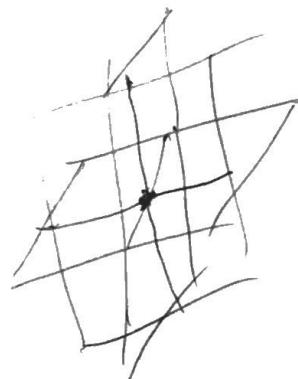
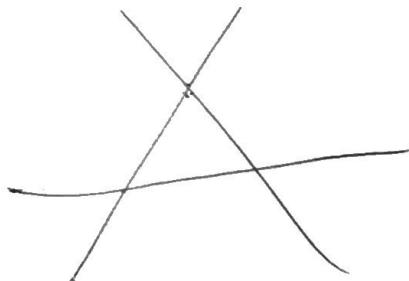
$$x_3 = 0$$

x_1, x_2 -plane

Linear algebra
Geometry



Inconsistent
system



$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$x_1 = 0$
 $x_2 = 0$
 $x_3 = 0$

consistent with
one solution

When do you have only one solution?

every column
has a pivot.

Exactly when there are no free variables &
system is consistent.

2 eqns in 2 variables

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & m & b \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_2 \leftrightarrow R_2 - R_1} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & m-2 & b-1 \end{array} \right] \text{REF}$$

If $m=2, b=1$, the solution set is a line.

If $m=2, b \neq 1$, system is inconsistent.

If $m \neq 2$, there is a unique solution.