

Math 266 Summer 2016 Quiz 10

	$f(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\{F(s)\}$	$F(s) = \mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}$
1.	$\cos(at)$	$\frac{s}{s^2+a^2}$
2.	$\sin at$	$\frac{a}{s^2+a^2}$

1) Find the Laplace transform of

$$f(t) = \int_0^t \sin(t-\tau) \cos(\tau) d\tau$$

$$g(t) = \sin(t) \quad h(t) = \cos(t)$$

$$= \frac{1}{s^2+1} \left(\frac{s}{s^2+1} \right) = \frac{s}{(s^2+1)^2}$$

High: 20

Low: 0
(Blank quiz)
otherwise would
have been an 8.

Average: 17

2) Determine whether $\textcircled{1} \mathbf{x} = e^{-t} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ is a solution to

$$\textcircled{2} \mathbf{x}' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} - t \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \mathbf{x}' = -e^{-t} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(2) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \left[\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + t \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \right] - t \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} t - \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} t - \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

match, so $\vec{x}$ is a solution