# MTH 165: Linear Algebra with Differential Equations 

2nd Midterm<br>April 4, 2013

NAME (please print legibly): $\qquad$
Your University ID Number: $\qquad$
Indicate your instructor with a check in the box:

| Dan-Andrei Geba | MWF 10:00-10:50 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Giorgis Petridis | MWF 13:00-13:50 |  |
| Eyvindur Ari Palsson | MW 14:00-15:15 |  |

- The presence of of electronic devices (including calculators), books, or formula cards/sheets at this exam is strictly forbidden.
- Show your work and justify your answers. You may not receive full credit for a correct answer if insufficient work is shown or insufficient justification is given.
- Clearly circle or label your simplified final answers.
- You are responsible for checking that this exam has all ?? pages.

| QUESTION | VALUE | SCORE |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | 10 |  |
| 2 | 10 |  |
| 3 | 10 |  |
| 4 | 10 |  |
| 5 | 10 |  |
| 6 | 10 |  |
| TOTAL | 60 |  |

1. (10 points) Find the inverse of the matrix

$$
A=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}
-7 & -3 & 1 \\
2 & 1 & 0 \\
-28 & -13 & 3
\end{array}\right]
$$

2. (10 points) Use cofactor expansion and/or row reduction to evaluate the determinant of the following matrix

$$
\left[\begin{array}{cccc}
1 & 2 & 2 & 4 \\
-2 & 2 & -2 & 2 \\
2 & 1 & -1 & -2 \\
-1 & -4 & 4 & 2
\end{array}\right]
$$

3. (10 points) In each of the following, determine whether the subset $S$ is a subspace of the given vector space $V$ :
i) $V=\mathbb{R}^{4}$ and $S=\left\{\left(x_{1}, x_{2}, x_{3}, x_{4}\right) \in \mathbb{R}^{4} \mid x_{1} x_{4}=0\right\}$;
ii) $V=M_{2 \times 2}(\mathbb{R})$ and $S=\left\{A \in M_{2 \times 2}(\mathbb{R}) \mid A=2 A^{T}\right\}$.
4. (10 points) Using the Wronskian, determine whether or not the functions

$$
f_{1}(x)=\sin x, f_{2}(x)=\sin 2 x, f_{3}(x)=e^{x}
$$

are linearly independent on $\mathbb{R}$.
5. (10 points) Find a subset of

$$
S=\left\{\left(\begin{array}{l}
3 \\
2 \\
2 \\
2
\end{array}\right),\left(\begin{array}{l}
2 \\
1 \\
2 \\
1
\end{array}\right),\left(\begin{array}{l}
4 \\
3 \\
2 \\
3
\end{array}\right),\left(\begin{array}{l}
1 \\
2 \\
3 \\
4
\end{array}\right)\right\}
$$

that forms a basis for the subspace of $\mathbb{R}^{4}$ generated by $S$, i.e., span $S$.
6. (10 points) For the matrix

$$
A=\left[\begin{array}{ccccc}
3 & 1 & -3 & 11 & 10 \\
5 & 8 & 2 & -2 & 7 \\
2 & 5 & 0 & -1 & 14
\end{array}\right]
$$

find a basis and the dimension for nullspace $(A)$.

