

MA265 — HANDWRITTEN HOMEWORK 26

- Express the quotient $z = \frac{1 + 3i}{6 + 8i}$ as $z = re^{i\theta}$.
- Express $z = 10e^{i\frac{\pi}{6}}$ as $z = a + ib$.
- Find all values of r such that the complex number $re^{i\frac{\pi}{4}} = a + ib$ with a and b integers.
- Find all real and complex roots of the equation $z^{10} = 9^{10}$.
- Find all real and complex solutions to the equation $x^4 - 2x^2 + 1 = 0$
- Find all real and complex eigenvalues of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 5 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

- Show that if $p(x)$ is a polynomial with real coefficients and z is a solution of $p(z) = 0$, then \bar{z} is also satisfies $p(\bar{z}) = 0$.
- One can identify complex numbers and vector on the plane \mathbb{R}^2 as $a + ib \equiv (a, b)$. Find the matrix $B = \begin{bmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} \\ b_{21} & b_{22} \end{bmatrix}$ such that, using this identification,

$$e^{i\phi}(a + ib) \equiv \left(B \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix} \right)^T$$

where T denotes the transpose. Now use this to explain geometrically the action of the matrix B on the vector $\begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix}$.