

# Examples of Partial Differential Equations

(I) (Spatial) Laplace Operator  $\Delta$

$$u = u(x, y, z)$$

$$\Delta u = \partial_x^2 u + \partial_y^2 u + \partial_z^2 u$$

$$\Delta u = \operatorname{div} \nabla u \quad (= \nabla \cdot \nabla u, \nabla^2 u)$$

$$\underline{\nabla u = (\partial_x u, \partial_y u, \partial_z u)}$$

## (II) Divergence of a Vector Field

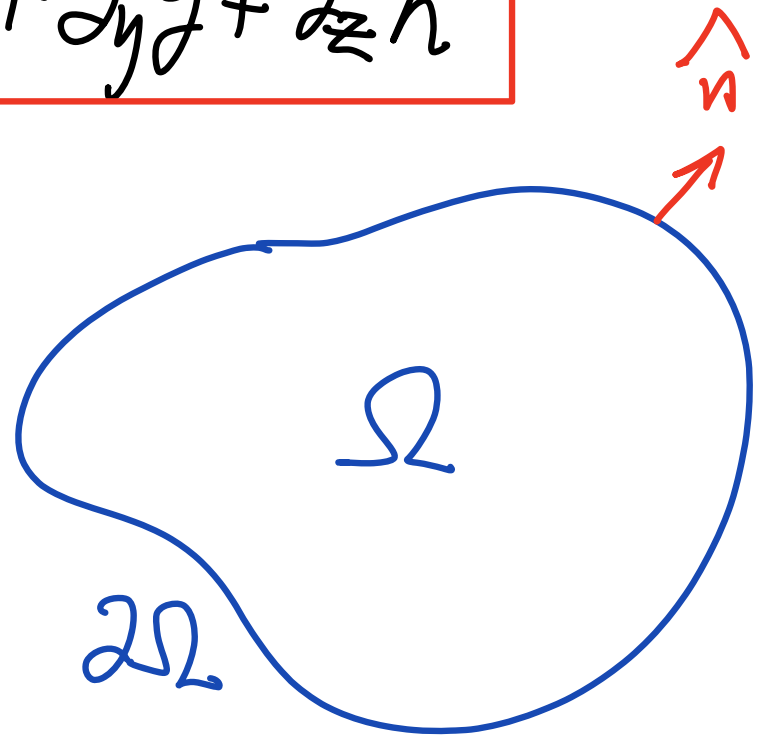
$$F: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$$

$$F(x, y, z) = (f(x, y, z), g(x, y, z), h(x, y, z))$$

$$\operatorname{div} F (= \nabla \cdot F) = \partial_x f + \partial_y g + \partial_z h$$

## (III) Divergence Theorem

$$\int_{\partial \Omega} F \cdot \hat{n} \, d\sigma = \int_{\Omega} \operatorname{div} F \, dx \, dy \, dz$$



# Examples of PDEs

(1) (1<sup>st</sup> order) Transport Equation

$$u_t + c u_x = 0, \quad c = \text{propagation speed}$$

(2) Heat/Diffusion Equation

$$u_t = D \Delta u = \operatorname{div}(D \nabla u)$$

$D$  (constant) = diffusion coefficient

(3) Wave Equation

$$u_{tt} = c^2 \Delta u, \quad c = \text{propagation speed}$$

# Examples of PDEs

(4) Laplace Equation

$$\Delta u = 0$$

(5) Poisson Equation

$$\Delta u = f$$

(e.g.  $u = \text{electric potential}$   
 $f = \text{charge density}$ )

# Examples of PDEs

## (6) Schrödinger Equation

("Newton's 2<sup>nd</sup> Law in quantum mechanics")

$$i\hbar u_t = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \Delta u + V(x)u$$

## (7) Incompressible Navier-Stokes Equation

$$u_t + u \cdot \nabla u + \nabla p = \nu \Delta u$$

$$\operatorname{div} u = 0$$

# Examples of PDEs

## (6) Schrödinger Equation

("Newton's 2<sup>nd</sup> Law in quantum mechanics")

$$i\hbar u_t = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \Delta u + V(x)u$$

## (7) Stokes Equation (small Reynolds number)

$$\nabla p = \sigma \Delta u$$

$$\operatorname{div} u = 0$$

# Examples of PDEs

## (8) Maxwell Equation

$J$  electric current  
charge density

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial t} = c \nabla \times B - 4\pi J;$$

$$\operatorname{div} E = 4\pi \rho;$$

$$\frac{\partial B}{\partial t} = -c \nabla \times E;$$

$$\operatorname{div} B = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} = \operatorname{div} J$$

$$\partial_t^2 E = c^2 \Delta E - 4\pi (c^2 \nabla \rho + \partial_t J)$$

$$\partial_t^2 B = c^2 \Delta B + 4\pi c \nabla \times J$$

# Examples of PDEs

## (8) Maxwell Equation

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{\partial E}{\partial t} = c \nabla \times B - 4\pi J; \quad \operatorname{div} E = 4\pi \rho; \\ \frac{\partial B}{\partial t} = -c \nabla \times E; \quad \operatorname{div} B = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

if  $J \equiv 0$   $\rho \equiv 0$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \frac{\partial^2 E}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \Delta E \\ \frac{\partial^2 B}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \Delta B \end{array} \right\}$$

Wave equations for  $E, B$