

# Fourier Series Using Complex Numbers

$f$  -  $2\pi$ -periodic function

$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx)$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx \, dx, \quad n \geq 0$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx \, dx, \quad n \geq 1$$

# Euler Formula

$$e^{ix} = \cos x + i \sin x$$

$$\bar{e}^{ix} = \cos x - i \sin x$$

$$\frac{e^{ix} + \bar{e}^{ix}}{2} = \cos x$$

$$\frac{e^{ix} - \bar{e}^{ix}}{2i} = \sin x$$

# Fourier Series Using Complex Numbers

$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \frac{e^{inx} + e^{-inx}}{2} & & \frac{e^{inx} - e^{-inx}}{2i} \end{array}$$

$$= \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \left( \frac{e^{inx} + e^{-inx}}{2} \right) + b_n \left( \frac{e^{inx} - e^{-inx}}{2i} \right)$$

$$= \underbrace{\frac{a_0}{2}}_{c_0} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \underbrace{\left( \frac{a_n}{2} + \frac{b_n}{2i} \right)}_{c_n} e^{inx} + \underbrace{\left( \frac{a_n}{2} - \frac{b_n}{2i} \right)}_{c_{-n}} e^{-inx}$$

# Fourier Series Using Complex Numbers

$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx)$$

$$= \underbrace{\frac{a_0}{2}}_{c_0} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( \underbrace{\left( \frac{a_n}{2} + \frac{b_n}{2i} \right)}_{c_n} e^{inx} + \underbrace{\left( \frac{a_n}{2} - \frac{b_n}{2i} \right)}_{c_{-n}} e^{-inx} \right)$$

$$= c_0 e^{i0x} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (c_n e^{inx} + c_{-n} e^{-inx})$$

$\uparrow$   
 $n=0$

$$= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} c_n e^{inx}$$

# Fourier Series Using Complex Numbers

$$c_n = \frac{1}{2} \left( a_n + \frac{b_n}{i} \right) \quad n > 0$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx \, dx + \frac{1}{i} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx \, dx \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) (\cos nx - i \sin nx) \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) e^{-inx} \, dx$$

$n > 0$

# Fourier Series Using Complex Numbers

$$C_{-n} = \frac{1}{2} \left( a_n - \frac{b_n}{i} \right) \quad n > 0$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx \, dx - \frac{1}{i} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx \, dx \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) (\cos nx + i \sin nx) \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) e^{+inx} \, dx, \text{ i.e. } C_n = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) e^{-inx} \, dx$$

$n < 0$

# Fourier Series Using Complex Numbers

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} C_n e^{inx}$$

$$C_n = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) e^{-inx} dx, \quad n = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots$$

( Note : for  $n=0$ ,

$$C_0 = \frac{a_0}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) dx = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) e^{i0x} dx )$$

## Another Method of Deriving $C_n$

Note:

$$\underline{n \neq m} \quad \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{inx} \bar{e}^{imx} dx = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i(n-m)x} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{i(n-m)x}}{n-m} \Big|_{-\pi}^{\pi} = 0$$

$$\underline{n = m} \quad \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{inx} \bar{e}^{inx} dx = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 1 dx = 2\pi$$



## Another Method of Deriving $C_n$

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} C_n e^{inx} \quad \swarrow \times e^{-imx}$$

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) e^{-imx} dx = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} C_n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{inx} e^{-imx} dx$$

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) e^{-imx} dx = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} C_n \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{i(n-m)x} dx$$
$$= \underline{2\pi C_m} \quad \begin{array}{l} 2\pi \text{ if } n=m \\ 0 \text{ if } n \neq m \end{array}$$

## Another Method of Deriving $C_n$

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} C_n e^{inx}$$

$\nearrow \times e^{-imx}$

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) e^{-imx} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} C_n e^{inx} e^{-imx} \quad dx$$

Hence

$$C_m = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) e^{-imx} dx$$

( simply change  $m$  to  $n$  )