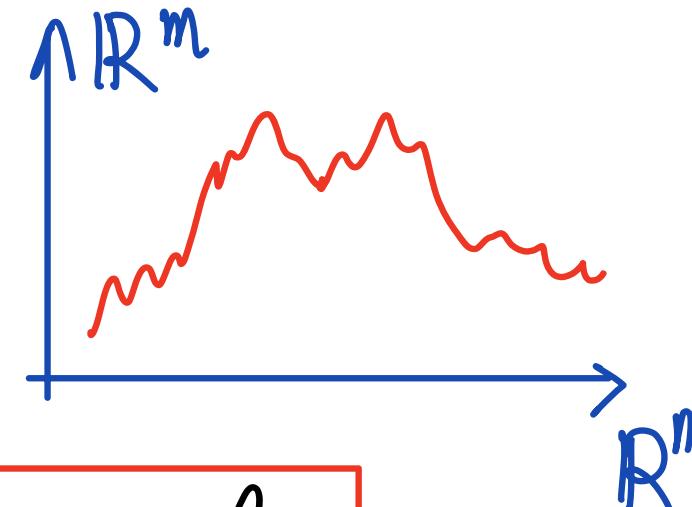


Regularity (Smoothness) Property of Functions

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$$

f is continuous at x ,



if $y \rightarrow x$, then $f(y) \rightarrow f(x)$

Mathematically,

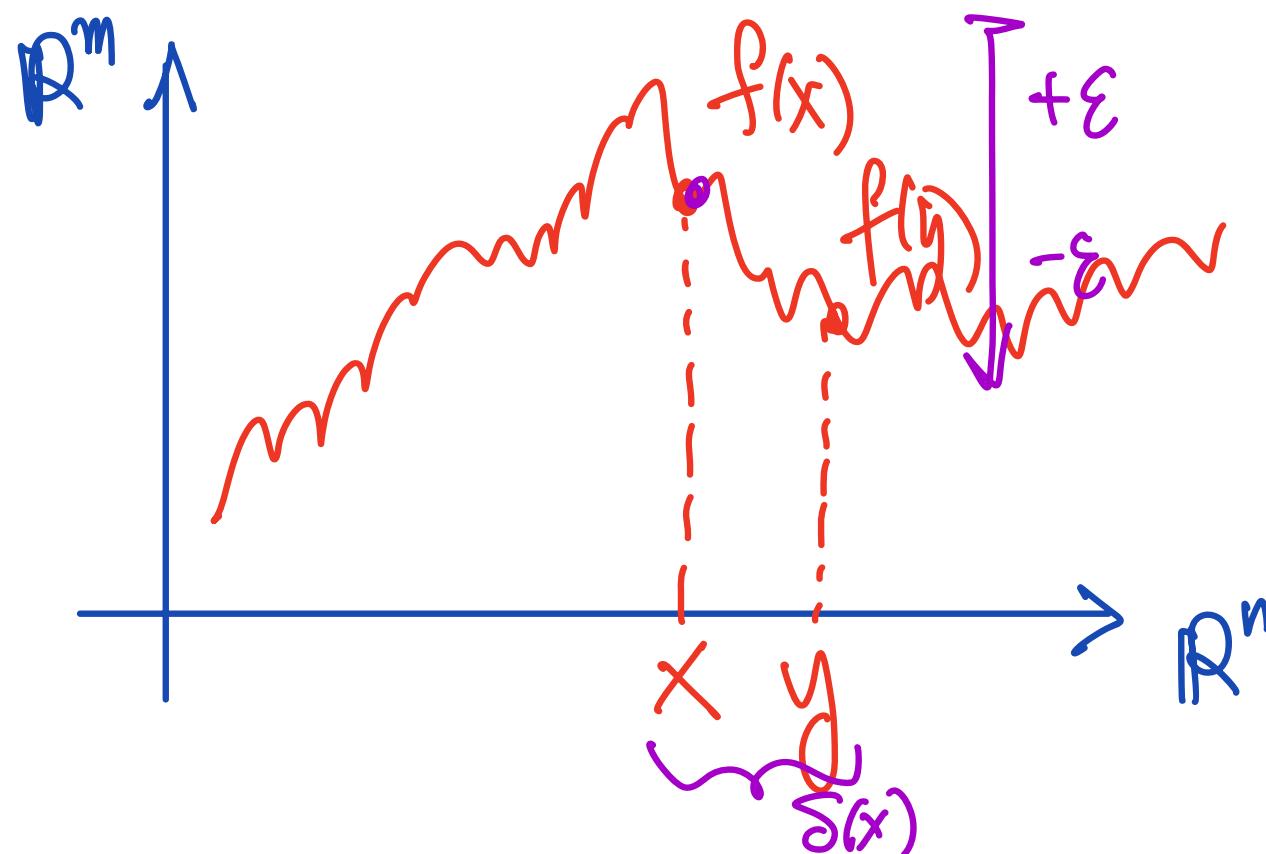
$\forall \varepsilon > 0, \exists \delta(x) < 0$, such that

if $|y - x| < \delta(x)$, then $|f(y) - f(x)| \leq \varepsilon$

Regularity (Smoothness) Property of Functions

$\forall \varepsilon > 0, \exists \delta(x) < 0$, such that

if $|y - x| < \delta(x)$, then $|f(y) - f(x)| < \varepsilon$



Regularity (Smoothness) Property of Functions

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$$

f is uniformly continuous

if the rate of convergence of $f(y) \rightarrow f(x)$
does not depend on x .

Mathematically,

$\forall \varepsilon > 0, \exists \delta < 0$, such that

if $|y - x| < \delta$, then $|f(y) - f(x)| \leq \varepsilon$

Regularity (Smoothness) Property of Functions

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$$

f is locally Lipschitz at x ,

if there is a K_x and δ_x s.t.

$$\text{if } |y-x| \leq \delta_x, \text{ then } |f(y) - f(x)| \leq K_x |x-y|$$

f is globally Lipschitz, if there is $K > 0$

s.t.

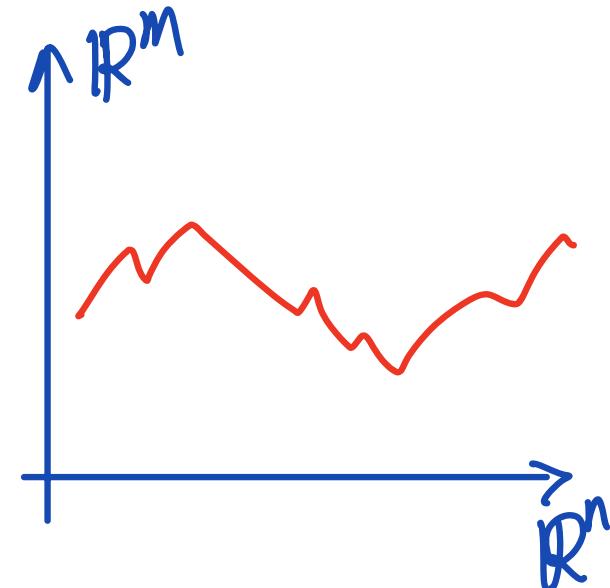
$$|f(y) - f(x)| \leq K |y-x|$$

Regularity (Smoothness) Property of Functions

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$$

Lipschitz \iff Slope or rate of change
of f is bounded
(by a constant)

$$\frac{\|f(x) - f(y)\|}{\|x - y\|} \leq K$$



Regularity (Smoothness) Property of Functions

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$$

Note : Lipschitz with constant K

\implies Uniform continuity

$\forall \epsilon > 0$, let $\delta = \frac{\epsilon}{K}$. Then for all $\|y-x\| \leq \frac{\delta}{K}$,

$$\|f(y)-f(x)\| \leq K \|y-x\| \leq K \frac{\epsilon}{K} = \epsilon$$

Regularity (Smoothness) Property of Functions

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$$

f is differentiable at x , if

there is a matrix $A^{n \times m}$ such that

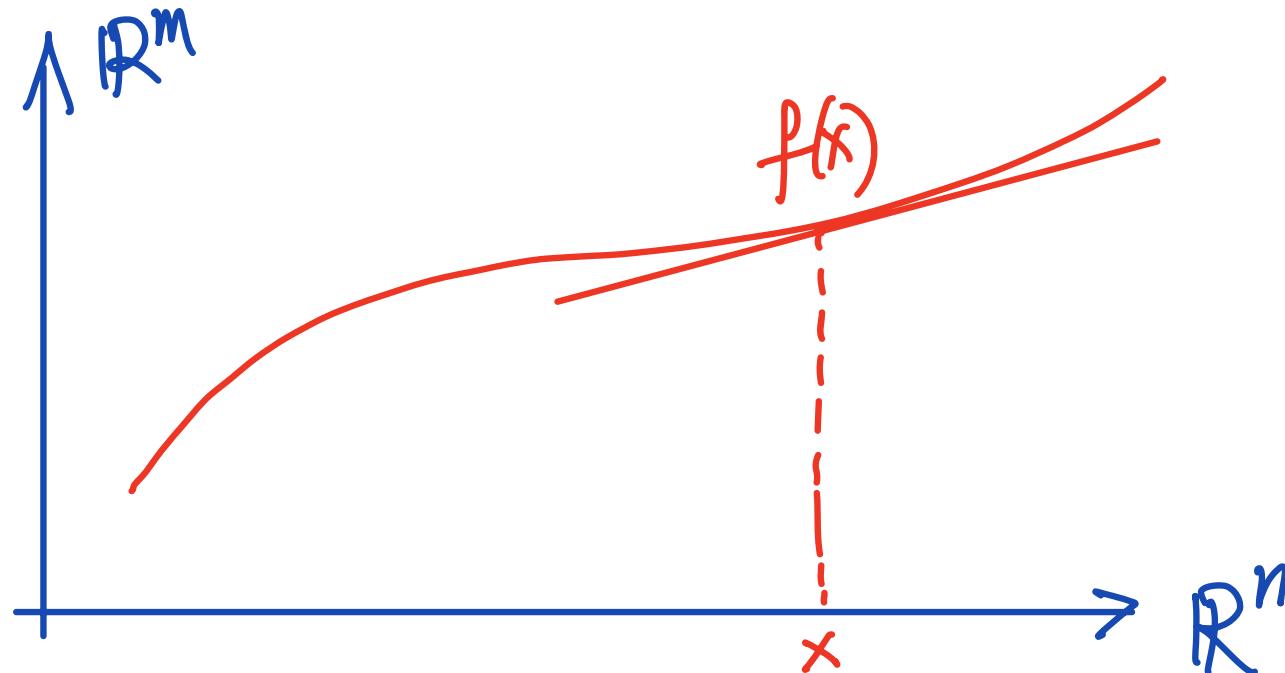
$$\lim_{y \rightarrow x} \frac{\|f(y) - f(x) - A(y-x)\|}{\|y-x\|} = 0$$

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Regularity (Smoothness) Property of Functions

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$\forall \varepsilon > 0, \exists \delta > 0$ s.t. if $\|y - x\| \leq \delta$, then

$$\|f(y) - f(x) - A(y-x)\| \leq \varepsilon \|y-x\|$$

Regularity (Smoothness) Property of Functions

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$$

f is differentiable at x , if

there is a matrix $A^{n \times m}$ such that

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\|f(x+h) - f(x) - Ah\|}{\|h\|} = 0$$

Regularity (Smoothness) Property of Functions

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$$

f is differentiable at x , if

there is a matrix $A^{n \times m}$ such that

$\forall \varepsilon > 0, \exists \delta > 0$ s.t. if $\|h\| \leq \delta$, then

$$\|f(x+h) - f(x) - Ah\| \leq \varepsilon \|h\|$$

Regularity (Smoothness) Property of Functions

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$$

f is differentiable at x , if

there is a matrix $A^{n \times m}$ such that

$$f(y) = f(x) + A(y-x) + o(||y-x||)$$

$$\lim_{a \rightarrow 0} \frac{o(a)}{a} = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad o(a) \ll a$$

Regularity (Smoothness) Property of Functions

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$$

f is differentiable at x , if

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Regularity (Smoothness) Property of Functions

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$$

$$A = [Df](x)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\longrightarrow f(x) = \begin{pmatrix} f_1(x_1, \dots, x_n) \\ f_2(x_2, \dots, x_n) \\ \vdots \\ f_m(x_1, \dots, x_n) \end{pmatrix}$$

Regularity (Smoothness) Property of Functions

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$$

$$A = [Df](x)$$

$$[Df](x) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x_2} & \dots & \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x_n} \\ \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial x_2} & \dots & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial x_n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \frac{\partial f_m}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial f_m}{\partial x_2} & \dots & \frac{\partial f_m}{\partial x_n} \end{bmatrix}$$

Regularity (Smoothness) Property of Functions

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$\leftarrow \nabla f_1$
 $\leftarrow \nabla f_2$
 \vdots
 $\leftarrow \nabla f_m$